

3528. ACACIA FARNESIANA.**Cassie.**

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 213), July, 1899.

"A very beautiful shrub or small tree with light gray-green foliage, spreading to a weeping habit. Grows in good soil and withstands frost well to 28° F." (*Fairchild.*) Received as *A. cavenia*. The flowers are used for perfumery in France and Algeria. (See No. 3349.) Distributed.

3529. GRABOWSKIA GLAUCA.

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 214), July, 1899.

Thorny shrub with clumps of flowers in the axils of the leaves. It belongs to the family *Solanaceae* and should be tested as an ornamental and for hedges. Distributed.

3530. CÆSALPINIA GILLESII.

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 205), July, 1899.

"A very fragrant species with acacia-like habit, from Chubut, southern Patagonia. Will stand moderately cold weather, not below 19° F., I believe." (*Fairchild.*) (See No. 1913, Inventory No. 5.) Distributed.

3531. DAUBENTONIA TRIPETII.

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 209), July, 1899.

A leguminous plant now considered a species of *Sesbania*. Distributed.

3532. PIPTADENIA CEBIL.**Cebil.**

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 206), July, 1899.

"A very beautiful shrub, with remarkably vigorous growth, resembling the *Acacia farnesiana* in habit. A showy plant for park groups. Will stand 28° F. Called 'Cebil colorado' by natives here. For California and Florida." (*Fairchild.*) Distributed.

3533. TECOMA STANS.**Bow wood.**

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 207), June, 1899.

A handsome bignoniaceous shrub, with showy flowers, native in southern North America, and is called "*Palo del arco*" in Mexico, southern Texas, and southern Arizona. "It is shrubby, not a climber; a magnificent bloomer; flowers golden yellow, trumpet shaped, delightfully fragrant." (*Franceschi.*) Distributed.

3534. CARICA QUERCIFOLIA.

From Buenos Aires, Argentina. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 208), June, 1899.

"A hardy species, with small edible fruit. Could be grown successfully in Colorado or California." (*Fairchild.*)

It belongs to the *Caricaceae* and is related to the well-known pawpaw of tropical countries. Distributed.

3535. CAJANUS INDICUS.**Dał.**

From Botanic Garden, Kingston, Jamaica. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 34), July 7, 1899.

"A leguminous shrub or small tree from India, where it is extensively cultivated. The pods resemble those of beans, but are much smaller. The plant commonly lives three years, and in good soil may attain a height of 15 to 20 feet, and is very productive. It is half hardy; has been cultivated in southern France. It is said to produce